

# **Today's Prelims Topics**

# **Suzetrigine – A New Non-Opioid Painkiller**

#### **Context**

The United States Food and Drug Administration (FDA) has approved **suzetrigine**, a **non-opioid painkiller** developed by **Vertex Pharmaceuticals**.

# What Are Opioids?

- Opioids are a class of drugs that are either derived from or mimic natural substances found in the opium poppy plant.
- Common Opioids Include: Oxycodone, Morphine, Codeine, Heroin & Fentanyl
- These drugs work by binding to opioid receptors in the brain, blocking pain signals and producing a sense of **pleasure or euphoria**.
- This euphoric effect makes opioids highly addictive, often leading to dependence and misuse
- Opioid Crisis in the U.S.:
  - o 82,000 opioid-related overdose deaths in 2022 (US Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, CDC).
  - O U.S. consumes 30 times more opioid medication than necessary (BBC report).
  - o In 2017, President Donald Trump declared a public health emergency due to the opioid epidemic, calling it a "national shame".

# **How Does Suzetrigine Work?**

- Suzetrigine targets pain signals before they reach the brain, unlike opioids, which alter pain perception in the brain.
- It interrupts the pain pathway at the nerve level, preventing the brain from recognizing pain even when tissue damage exists.

# Difference Between Suzetrigine & Opioids

Feature	Opioids	Suzetrigine
Action	Blocks pain signals in the brain	Interrupts pain signals before they reach the brain
Addiction Risks	High – Causes euphoria & pleasure	Low/None – Does not trigger pleasure
Side Effects	Addiction, overdose risk, respiratory issues	Expected to be safer, but <b>high cost</b>

# Source:

• Indian Express - Suzetrigine



# **UIDAI** notifies new rules for Aadhaar authentication

#### Context

The Ministry of Electronics and Information Technology (MeitY) has notified amendments to the Aadhaar (Targeted Delivery of Financial and Other Subsidies, Benefits and Services) Act, 2016.

# **About Key Amendments**

- Expanded Scope of Aadhaar Authentication: The amendment broadens the use of Aadhaar authentication to include both government and non-government entities for: Good governance, Social welfare programs, Innovation and knowledge dissemination & Ease of living
  - These changes will **improve service delivery** in various sectors such as: **E-commerce, Travel & tourism, Hospitality, Healthcare.**
  - This will allow private entities to utilize Aadhaar authentication for secure, seamless, and trusted transactions.
- New Approval Process for Aadhaar Authentication Request:
  - Application Submission: Any entity (government or private) seeking Aadhaar authentication
    must submit an application detailing the intended use case to the concerned Ministry or
    Department (either Central or State Government).
  - Review and Recommendation: The Unique Identification Authority of India (UIDAI) will examine the request.
    - Approvals will be issued by MeitY based on **UIDAI's recommendation**.
  - Final Notification: The concerned Ministry or Department will notify the entity after receiving confirmation from MeitY
- Key Changes in the Language of Rules:
  - O The previous rule's phrase: "Interest of good governance, preventing leakage of public funds" → Removed from the new amendment.
  - O The new version states that any non-government entity seeking Aadhaar authentication must:
    - Justify its request under Rule 3
    - Demonstrate that it serves the interest of the State

# **Objectives of the Amendment**

- Improve transparency and inclusivity in decision-making.
- Enhance the **ease of living** by expanding Aadhaar authentication to various sectors beyond government entities.
- Enable trusted transactions for service providers and service seekers.
- Encourage innovative digital solutions leveraging Aadhaar authentication.

# Source:

• The Hindu - UIDAI amends Aadhar rules



# India's Tiger Population Increases by 30% in Two Decades

#### **Context**

According to a new study, published in *Science*, led by **senior scientist Yadvendradev Jhala** has found that **India's tiger population has increased by 30% over the past two decades**.

# **Key Findings of the Study**

- **Tiger population growth:** 30% increase in the past two decades.
- India's global share: 70% of the world's wild tigers live in India.
- Global wildlife decline: 73% decline in wildlife populations globally, but India has successfully conserved its tiger population.
- Protected areas' role: 85% of breeding tiger populations are found in human-free protected areas.
- **Coexistence with humans:** 66 million people share space with tigers, proving that coexistence is possible.

# **Factors Behind India's Tiger Recovery**

- Legislative Support: India's strong conservation laws played a major role:
  - Wildlife Protection Act, Forest Conservation Act & National Tiger Conservation Authority (NTCA)
- Economic and Cultural Influence:
  - Higher recolonization rates in economically stable regions with less forest dependence.
  - Tiger decline in poorer regions with high human-wildlife conflict, such as Naxal-affected Chhattisgarh and Jharkhand.
- Land-Sparing & Land-Sharing Strategies:
  - Land-Sparing (Human-Free Areas): Protected areas with no human presence sustain 85% of breeding tigers.
  - Land-Sharing (Coexistence with Humans): Tigers disperse into multi-use forests and coexist with 66 million people. Sustainable land-use practices and corridors facilitate their movement and expansion.

# Source:

• The Hindu - 'India's tiger population rose 30%

# Roaring success India's achievements in tiger conservation is a global benchmark for wildlife recovery amid challenges FACTORS SUPPORTING RECOVERY INCLUDE: Protected areas devoid of humans sustain 85% of breeding tiger populations Corridors help tigers disperse and expand into multi-use forests Strong legislative frameworks that protect



# India to build its own foundational AI chatbot

#### Context

The Union Minister for Electronics & Information Technology has announced that India is all set to launch its own safe & secure indigenous AI model at an affordable cost.

# Features of Indian AI model - Safe, Secure & Affordable

• **Graphics Processing Units(GPUs)**: It will be initially launched with 10,000 GPUs with plans to expand to 18,693 GPUs.

# **Graphic Processing Unit (GPU)**

It is a computer chip that rapidly calculates mathematical operations to display graphics and images. It is used in Creative content creation, video editing, high-performance computing (HPC), and artificial intelligence (AI).

- Cost effective: ₹100 per GPU hour (post 40% government subsidy) vs. global cost of \$2.5–\$3 per hour.
- **Focus Sectors:** Create scalable and impactful AI solutions across sectors such as healthcare, education, agriculture, climate, and governance

# **IndiaAl Mission**

- It is a government initiative to promote artificial intelligence (AI) innovation in India.
- **Aim:** To create a robust AI ecosystem in India by democratising access to computing resources, improving data quality and fostering industry partnerships.
- Focus areas: Healthcare, education, agriculture, smart cities and infrastructure.
- Implementing Agency: 'IndiaAl' Independent Business Division (IBD) under Digital India Corporation (DIC)
- Key initiatives:
  - IndiaAl Application Development Pillar: This initiative promotes Al solutions in critical sectors by developing, scaling and promoting Al applications.
  - IndiaAl FutureSkills: This initiative aims to break down barriers to Al education by offering fellowships to students in top engineering colleges.
- INDIAai Platform: This platform serves as a one-stop portal for AI-related development in India. It provides resources such as articles, news, interviews and investment funding news and events. It also offers AI courses, both free and paid.
- Lead agencies for the mission: NITI Aayog, the Department of Science and Technology (DST), the Ministry of Electronics and Information Technology (MeitY) and the Department of Biotechnology (DBT).

# Source:

Indian Express - India braces for AI challenge



# China's Artificial Sun (EAST) Sets New Fusion Record

#### Context

Recently China's artificial sun, known as EAST, burned for over 1000 seconds, creating a new record.

# **About EAST (Experimental Advanced Superconducting Tokamak)**

- EAST is China's artificial sun, designed to conduct fusion-related experiments.
- It has been operational since **2006** and serves as an **open test platform** for both **Chinese and international** scientists.
- New Fusion Record: 1066 Seconds of High-Confinement Plasma
- EAST successfully maintained a **steady-state high-confinement plasma operation for 1066 seconds**.
- This is the **longest duration ever recorded** in fusion research. Plasma temperature reached **100** million degrees Celsius.
- The previous record held by EAST was 403 seconds.

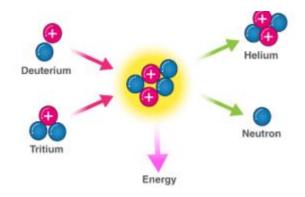
#### **Tokamak**

- A Tokamak is a device designed to create controlled nuclear fusion by confining hot plasma using powerful magnetic fields.
- It is the most widely used experimental reactor type for studying fusion energy.
- Major Tokamak Projects Around the World:
  - EAST (China's Artificial Sun), ITER
     (International Thermonuclear
     Experimental Reactor) France,
     KSTAR (Korea Superconducting
     Tokamak Advanced Research)

# poloidal magnetic field outer poloidal field coils helical magnetic field toroidal field coil plasma electrical current toroidal magnetic field

### **Nuclear Fusion**

- Fusion is the source of energy for the Sun and stars.
- Fusion Process:
  - Two light nuclei merge to form a single, heavier nucleus.
  - The mass of the resulting nucleus is **less than the original two nuclei**, with the leftover mass converted into **energy** (E=mc<sup>2</sup>).
- Fusion Fuel:
  - Hydrogen isotopes (Deuterium and Tritium) are used in the reaction.
  - Deuterium is extracted from seawater, making it an abundant and sustainable fuel source.
- The most efficient fusion reaction in the laboratory setting would be the reaction between two hydrogen isotopes, deuterium (D) and tritium (T).
- Conditions for nuclear fusion:
  - Very high temperature (about 150,000,000° Celsius)
  - Sufficient plasma particle density (to increase the





likelihood of collisions)

- o Sufficient time of confinement (to hold the plasma)
- Benefits of nuclear fusion energy: No radioactive waste, High efficiency, Inexpensive fuel, No greenhouse gases are emitted, No risk of reactor meltdown.

# Source:

• Indian Express - Promise of Nuclear Fusion





# **Places in News**

# **Kara Sea**

• Recently, a Russian Nuclear-powered vessel '50 Let Pobedy' collided with a cargo vessel in the Kara Sea.



- Location: It is a marginal sea of the Arctic Ocean, located to the north of Siberia, Russia.
- Bordering Waterbodies: Barents Sea (west) and Laptev Sea (East).
- The Kara Strait and the Novaya Zemlya archipelago separate the Kara Sea from the Barents Sea in the west.
- It is regarded as one of the coldest seas in the world.
- Rivers draining into Kara Sea: Kara, Ob, Pyasina, Yenisei.
- Important Islands: Bely, Dikson, Kamennyye,
   Oleni, and Taymyr Islands

# Source:

• Eurasian times - Kara Sea





# **Editorial Summary**

# **Economic Survey 2024-25**

# **Context**

Recently, Union Minister of Finance and Corporate Affairs Nirmala Sitharaman tabled the Economic Survey 2024-25 before the parliament.

# **Economic Survey 2024-25: Key Highlights**



# • GDP & Growth Estimates

- o India's GDP expected to grow between 6.3% 6.8% in FY26.
- o **Real GDP growth estimated at 6.4%** in FY25, aligning with its decadal average.
- Real GVA projected to grow by 6.4% in FY25.

# Investment & Infrastructure

- Capital expenditure (Capex) grew by 8.2% (July–November 2024) and is expected to accelerate further.
- ₹50,000 crore 'Self-Reliant India Fund' launched to support MSMEs.



O Economic Survey recommends **deregulation and sustained infrastructure investment** over the next two decades for high growth.

# • Inflation & External Sector

- O Retail headline inflation declined to 4.9% (April–December 2024).
- o India's consumer price inflation projected to stabilize at ~4% in FY26.
- O Overall exports increased by 6.0% YoY (April—December 2024).
- O Services exports surged by 12.8% (April–November FY25) from 5.7% in FY24.
- O Gross FDI inflows rose by 17.9% YoY to \$55.6 billion (first 8 months of FY25).
- Forex reserves at \$640.3 billion (December 2024), covering 10.9 months of imports and 90% of external debt.

# • Stock Market & Financial Sector

- BSE stock market capitalization to GDP ratio at 136% (December 2024), surpassing China (65%) and Brazil (37%).
- Renewable Energy & Sustainability
- Capacity addition in solar & wind energy grew by 15.8% YoY (December 2024).

# Agriculture & Rural Economy

- Agricultural sector expected to grow at 3.8% in FY25.
- Kharif foodgrain production projected at 1647.05 LMT, marking a rise of 89.37 LMT over the previous year.
- Growth in agriculture driven by **horticulture**, **livestock**, **and fisheries**.

#### Industrial & Social Sectors

- o Industrial sector projected to grow by 6.2% in FY25.
- Social services expenditure grew by 15% annually between FY21 and FY25.
- Government health expenditure increased from 29% to 48% (FY15-FY22).
- Out-of-pocket health expenses reduced from 62.6% to 39.4% during the same period.

# • Employment & AI Regulation

- O Unemployment rate dropped to 3.2% in 2023-24 from 6.0% in 2017-18.
- Collaborative efforts between government, private sector, and academia needed to mitigate Al's societal impact.

Source: PIB: SUMMARY OF ECONOMIC SURVEY 2024-25